

State Historic Preservation Office Report Cover Page

Year:

Title:

Author(s):

Agency/Client:

District/Contractor:

Agency/Client Report#:

Project Acres:

Survey Acres:

County(ies):

Township:

Range:

Section(s):

Township:

Range:

Section(s):

Archaeological Permit Number(s):

Accession Number:

Reports submitted to:

Tribes:

UOMNCH:

LCIS:

Curation:

Report Addresses Testing:

Have tribes been contacted or consulted?

List tribes:

List any other groups contacted or consulted:

Report is associated with: PA

MOA

REPORTS WITHOUT A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE COVER PAGE AND APPROPRIATE ADDITIONAL PAGES MAY BE RETURNED. CHECK THE SHPO WEBSITE TO MAKE SURE YOU HAVE THE MOST CURRENT VERSION.

Report #

*State Historic Preservation Office
Report Location Continuation Sheet*

County(ies):

Township:

Range:

Section(s):

Report #

State Historic Preservation Office Report Summary of Resources and NRHP Eligibility

Archaeological:

Site: Isolate: Built Environment: TCP: HPRCSIT: Other:

Count:

***Please be sure all archaeological forms have been submitted on-line**

***EVALUATE PROPERTIES UNDER ALL FOUR CRITERIA.
BE SURE TO INCLUDE JUSTIFICATION IN THE REPORT***

Oregon
On-Line

Form #: Trinomial: Temp# or Name: Criterion A: Criterion B: Criterion C: Criterion D:

RESOURCES

NRHP ELIGIBILITY

Ice Age Drive Literature Review and Documentation Report

**Prepared for
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Contract No. HEG 22-167 Mod 1

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Harris Environmental Group, Inc. (Harris Environmental) has conducted a site visit and a literature review into the headstone observed within the property at SW Dahlke Lane, Sherwood, Washington County, Oregon. The stone is in the northern, undeveloped portion of the property, between two mature Douglas fir trees.

The literature review focused on determining whether the stone is associated with human remains from a burial or grave. Research revealed that Mr. Schreiner was interred at St. Anthony's Cemetery in Tigard on July 17, 1935 (Jim Novitzki, personal communication 2023). A conversation with the landowner confirmed that the stone within the project area is not associated with a gravesite; it was brought to the property in the 1990s from another location, and Mr. Schreiner is not buried on the property (Corby Morey, personal communication 2023).

There are no human remains associated with the headstone located within the project area. Therefore, Harris Environmental recommends no further work. It is recommended that the project proponents adhere to an Inadvertent Discovery Protocol (IDP) during all ground disturbances associated with the Ice Age Drive project, such as the one given at the end of this report.

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Introduction

Harris Environmental Group, Inc. (Harris Environmental) has completed a literature review and documentation of one headstone located in a wooded area within the central/southern portion of the Ice Age Drive project area in Sherwood, Washington County, Oregon. Harris Environmental was contracted by Kittelson and Associates (Kittelson) in order to provide documentation and research into a headstone that was discovered within a residential parcel in the southern portion of the Ice Age Drive project area (Figures 1-3).

Harris Environmental previously performed a literature review of the Ice Age Drive project area and a site visit in May, 2022. Not all the land within the project area was accessible at the time of the site visit, including the parcel on which the headstone has been observed. For this literature review, Principal Investigator Dana Holschuh, M.A, RPA consulted with the Oregon State Historic Preservation Office (ORSHPO), and performed a site visit and a literature review for the headstone and the individual indicated, and focused on identifying whether the stone represents a grave, with associated human remains. This report outlines the methodology and the results of the site visit and literature review, and provides recommendations for future work within the project area.

The project area is in the southeastern extent of Washington County, in the northeastern extent of Sherwood, Oregon. It is located approximately 2.58 miles (4.16 km) east of the intersection of Interstates-5 and -205, approximately 1.56 miles (2.51 km) southeast of the Tualatin River National Wildlife Refuge, and approximately 1.17 miles (1.89 km) north of the Washington/Clackamas County line. It is within Township 2 South, Range 1 West, Willamette Meridian, within the southern portion of Section 28 (Figure 1).

The headstone sits in the southern portion of the Ice Age Drive project area, within the northern portion of Parcel number 2S128D000600, which measures 1.33 acres. This parcel is largely characterized by wooded acreage, with a residence and outbuilding in the south. It is accessed via a dirt/gravel driveway leading west from SW Dahlke Lane, and surrounded by a wooden fence and gate.

The headstone is in a flat to mildly undulating area characterized by mature trees with little to no understory (Figure 3). It is bordered by SW Dahlke Lane to the east, the remainder of the residential parcel to the south and west, and a private driveway leading to another residential parcel to the north.

The stone is rectangular in plan and profile, consisting of a poured concrete prism atop a plinth, with a metal plaque that bears the inscription: "FATHER/PETER SCHREINER/1884/1935" with a decorative floral garland design along the top edge, and a crucifix embossed on the metal (Figures 4 and 5).

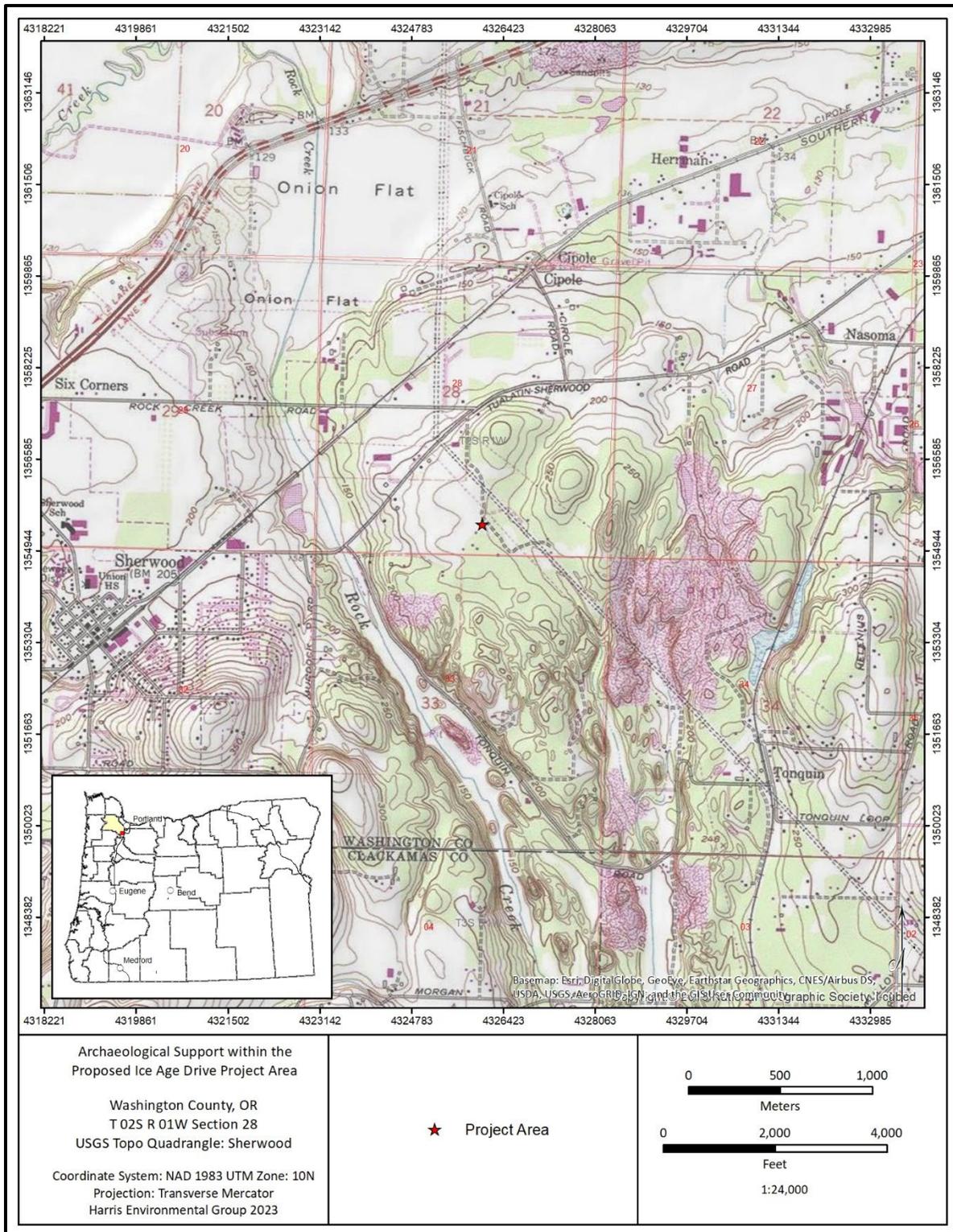


Figure 1. A portion of the Sherwood, OR quadrangle showing the location of the subject property.

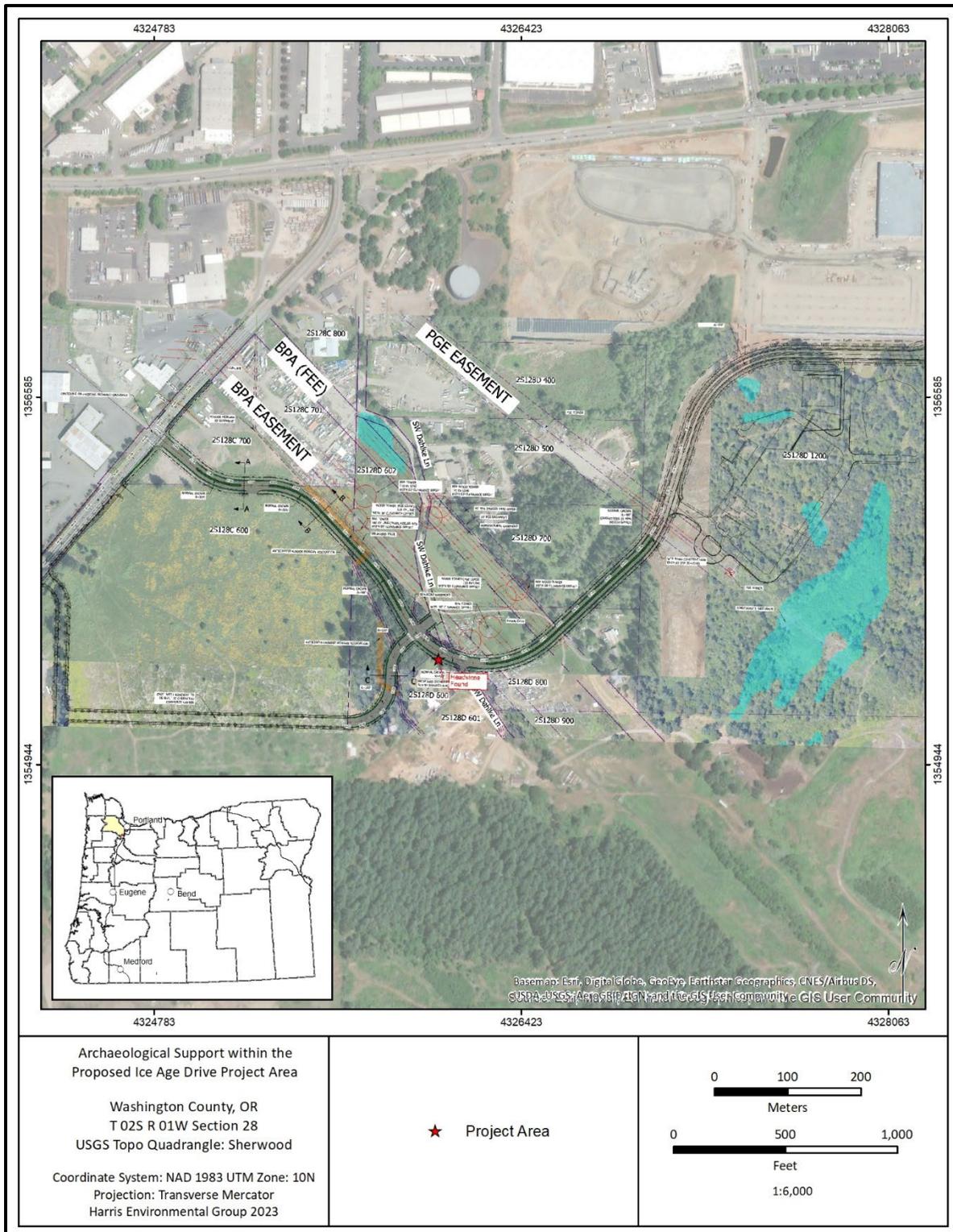


Figure 2. Aerial photomaps overlaid with the project plans for the Ice Age Drive alignment, with the location of the headstone indicated in the southern/southwestern portion.

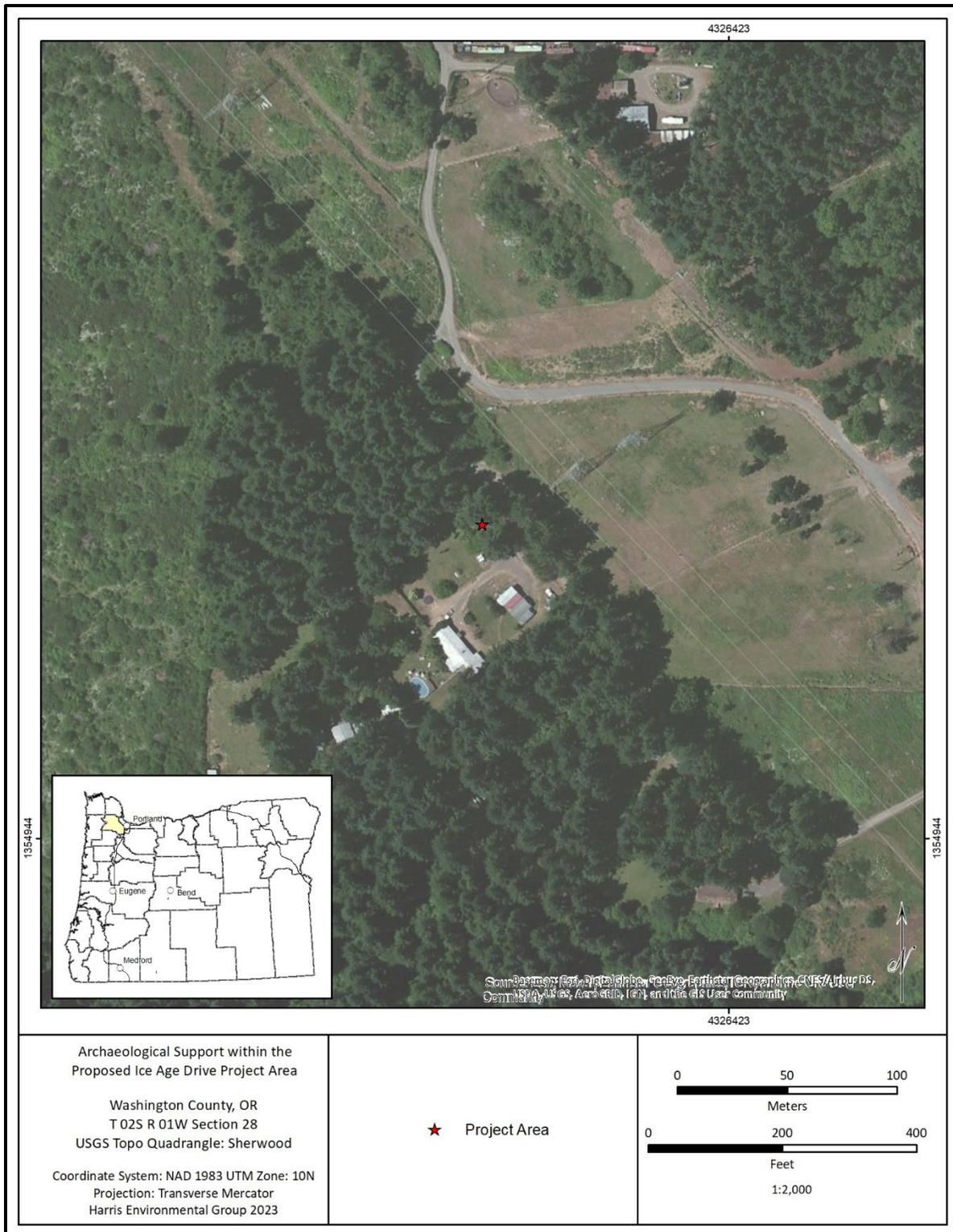


Figure 3. Aerial photomap showing the existing conditions within the subject property and the location of the headstone.



Figure 4. Headstone in the northern portion of the parcel, looking south/southwest.



Figure 5. Close up of inscription on headstone.

To determine whether the gravestone indicates a grave, with associated human remains, Principal Investigator Dana Holschuh performed research into the property's history and the name on the tombstone. The property is currently owned by Corbey Morey, who is the ex-wife of one of Mr. Peter Schreiner's descendants. Ms. Morey allowed Ms. Holschuh to visit the site and photograph the stone. She indicated that the stone on her property had been moved into its current location sometime in the 1990s, from a property previously owned by the family. She indicated that it had never served as a grave marker and was not associated with any human remains (Morey, personal communication 2023).

Research online revealed that Peter Schreiner, along with his wife Adeline, and his son, Bernard, has a stone with a similar inscription within the St. Anthony's Cemetery in Tigard (Figure 6). His headstone has many similarities with the stone observed within the Ice Age Drive project area, with a floral and cross motif and the title "Father" associated with Mr. Schreiner's name.



Figure 6. Gravestone for the Schreiner family, located at St. Anthony's Cemetery in Tigard (findagrave.com).

In order to determine which stone indicates Mr. Schreiner's grave and is associated with his interred remains, Ms. Holschuh contacted St. Anthony's cemetery and spoke with their manager, Jim Novitzki, who confirmed that their records indicate that Mr. Peter Schreiner was interred at St. Anthony's Cemetery on July 17th, 1935 (Jim Novitzki, personal communication, 2023). During the site visit, Ms. Holschuh spoke with Corby Morey, the current landowner of the property containing the initial headstone. She confirmed that the stone is merely decorative and that Mr. Schreiner has never been buried in that location (Morey, personal communication 2023).

Results and Recommendations

Harris Environmental has carried out a site visit and literature review for the headstone observed within the Ice Age Drive project area. Research focused on determining whether the stone was indicative of a burial in that location. The individual indicated on the stone, Mr. Peter Schreiner, was interred at St. Anthony's Cemetery in Tigard shortly after his death in 1935. His son was buried in the same plot the next year, and his wife was interred nearly 20 years later in 1955 (Jim Novitski, personal communication 2023).

The stone located within the project area is not associated with a burial or any human remains, and is merely a decorative or representational stone. Conversations with the landowner, a member of Mr. Schreiner's extended family, revealed that there is no history of burial in the location and that moving the stone is the preferred action of the landowner. **It is therefore the recommendation of Harris Environmental Group that no further archaeological work is required. It is the further recommendation of Harris Environmental that the project proponents adhere to an Inadvertent Discovery Protocol during the project, such as the one given below, adapted from the OR SHPO.**

Inadvertent Discovery Protocol

Protocol for coordination in the event of inadvertent discovery:

- In the event of an inadvertent discovery of possible cultural materials, including human remains, all work will stop immediately in the vicinity of the find. A 30-meter buffer will be placed around the discovery with work being able to proceed outside of this buffered area unless additional cultural materials are encountered.
- The area will be secured and protected.
- The project manager/land manager will be notified. The project/land manager will notify the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO). If possible human remains are encountered, the Oregon State Police, Commission on Indian Services (CIS), SHPO, and appropriate Tribes will also be notified.
 - Oregon State Police: Chris Allori 503-731-4717
 - CIS: Karen Quigley 503- 986-1067
 - Appropriate Tribes: As designated by CIS
 - SHPO: John Pouley 503-986-0675.
- No work may resume until consultation with the SHPO has occurred and a professional archaeologist is able to assess the discovery.
- If human remains are encountered, do not disturb them in any way. Do not call 911. Do not speak with the media. Secure the location. Do not take Photos. The location will be secured and work will not resume in the area of discovery until all parties involved agree upon a course of action.

- A professional archaeologist may be needed to assess the discovery and they will consult with SHPO and appropriate Tribal Governments to determine an appropriate course of action.
- Archaeological excavations may be required. This is handled on a case-by-case basis by the professional archaeologist and project manager, in consultation with SHPO and appropriate Tribes.

When to stop work:

Human remains require special consideration. If human remains that are inadvertently discovered are not clearly modern, there is high probability that they are Native American and ORS 97.745(4) requires immediate notification of State Police, the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), the Legislative Commission on Indian Services (CIS), and all appropriate Native American Tribes as determined by CIS.

Human remains and associated objects will not be disturbed, manipulated, or transported from the original location until a plan is developed in consultation with the above named parties. The location will be secured and any ongoing work will not resume in the area of discovery until all parties involved agree upon a proper course of action.

If possible, human remains are encountered, the Oregon State Police, Commission on Indian Services (CIS), SHPO, and appropriate Tribes must also be notified.

- Oregon State Police: Chris Allori 503-731-4717 or cell 503-708-6461
- CIS: Karen Quigley 503-986-1067
- Appropriate Tribes: As designated by CIS
- SHPO: John Pouley 503-986-0675

Construction work may uncover previously unidentified Native American or Euro-American artifacts. This may occur for a variety of reasons, but may be associated with deeply buried cultural material, access restrictions during project development, or if the area contains impervious surfaces throughout most of the project area which would have prevented standard archaeological site discovery methods. Historic archaeological material found on Federal land may be as recent as 50 years (75 years for State public land or private land). If the material discovered is not of a clearly modern manufacture date (i.e. most of the artifacts being made of plastic, or having UPC bar codes), work will be halted until a qualified historic archaeologist can be consulted.

It will be stressed that consistent identification of archaeological artifacts and features, especially historic archaeological material, requires considerable training and experience, and if there is any doubt about the age of any material uncovered, a professional archaeologist will be consulted. Work will be halted upon the discovery of any artifacts or features, and a qualified archaeologist will be consulted.

Native American artifacts may include (but are not limited to):

- Flaked stone tools or the
- Chipping debris from stone tool production;
- Ground stone tools such as mortars, bowl, and pestles;
- Remains of fire hearths generally observed as discolored (often black, red, or mottled) earth;
- Charcoal staining; broken discolored rocks or shell,
- Structural remains such as wooden beams, post holes, or fishing weirs.

Historical artifacts may include (but are not limited to):

- Glass artifacts (bottles, vessels, windows);
- Ceramics (tableware, storage vessels, etc.);
- Metal (cans or tins, industrial parts, nails);
- Building materials (brick, mortar, beams, shingles, etc.);
- Industrial or agricultural equipment or parts;
- Refuse piles may contain important archaeological evidence.
- Some plastics have manufacture dates before the 50-year threshold.
- Structural features such as foundations or basements, when found in areas where no buildings are known to have been present, will be investigated before further disturbance occurs.

In the event of an inadvertent discovery of possible archaeological cultural materials, including human remains, all work will be stopped immediately in the vicinity of the find until a qualified archaeologist can be consulted. A 10-meter buffer will be placed around the discovery with work being able to proceed outside of this buffered area unless additional cultural materials are encountered.

Proceeding with Construction

- Construction can only proceed after consultation has been concluded.
- Some areas may be specified for close monitoring or as “no-work-zones” within the larger project area.
- For any inadvertent discovery, a professional archeologist may need to assess the discovery and consult with SHPO and appropriate Tribal Governments to determine a course of action.

References

Find a Grave

2023 Peter Schreiner. <https://www.findagrave.com/memorial/35638715/peter-schreiner>. Accessed May, 2023.

Morey, Corby

2023 Landowner and relative of Mr. Schreiner. Personal Communication during site visit, May 2023.

Novitzki, Jim

2023 St. Anthony's Cemetery Manager. Personal Communication, May 2023.

OR SHPO

2023 Inadvertent Discovery Protocol. Accessed electronically, June 1, 2023.